



Extraction of:

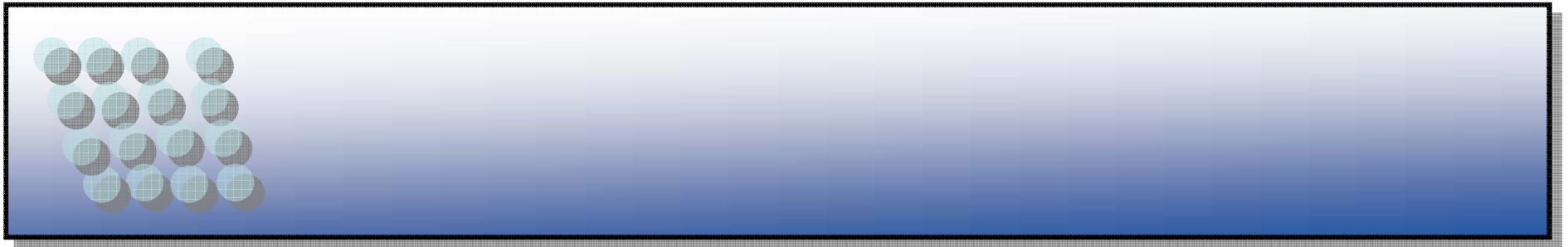
- oil
- mixed gases
- **water**

The water extracted in the process is often a brine (mainly NaCl), which may include other corrosive materials such as sulfides.

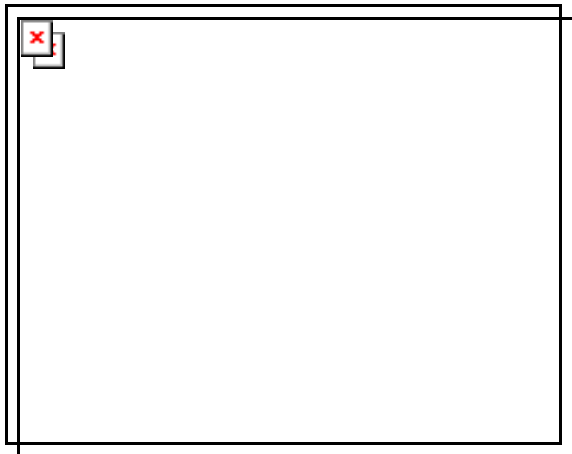


### How can we control corrosion?

The primary method is the addition of corrosion inhibitors at the beginning that spontaneously adsorb on the surface of carbon-steel equipment.



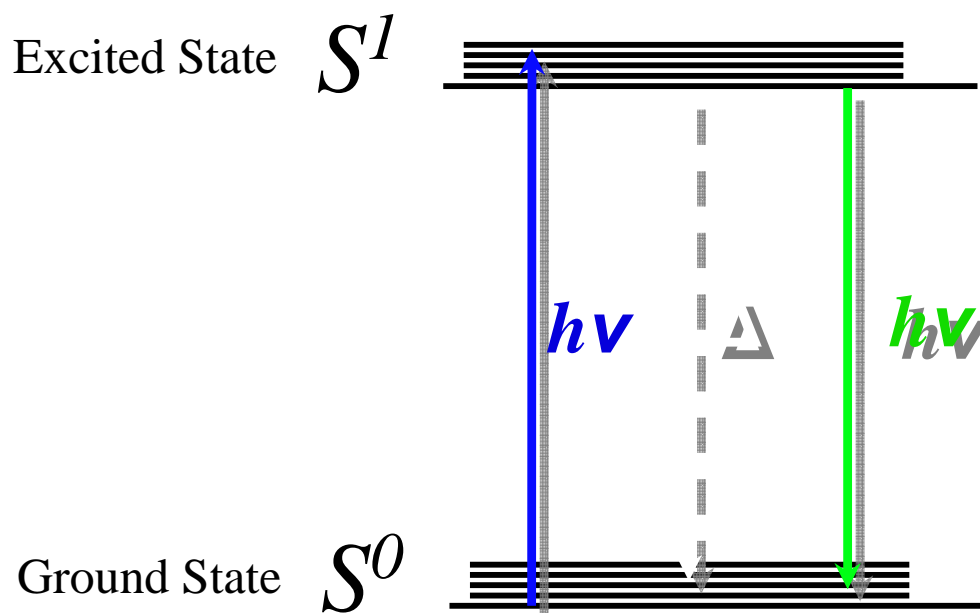
### How can we control corrosion?



Commercial corrosion inhibitor packages contains active materials made of quaternized amines, called “quats” in the industry.

In order to insure that our corrosion protection is working, we need to quantify their concentration in the water extracted from oilfields.

Fluorescence is a property of certain molecules to re-emit light upon absorption of a specific frequency of light.



### Parameters for Quats:

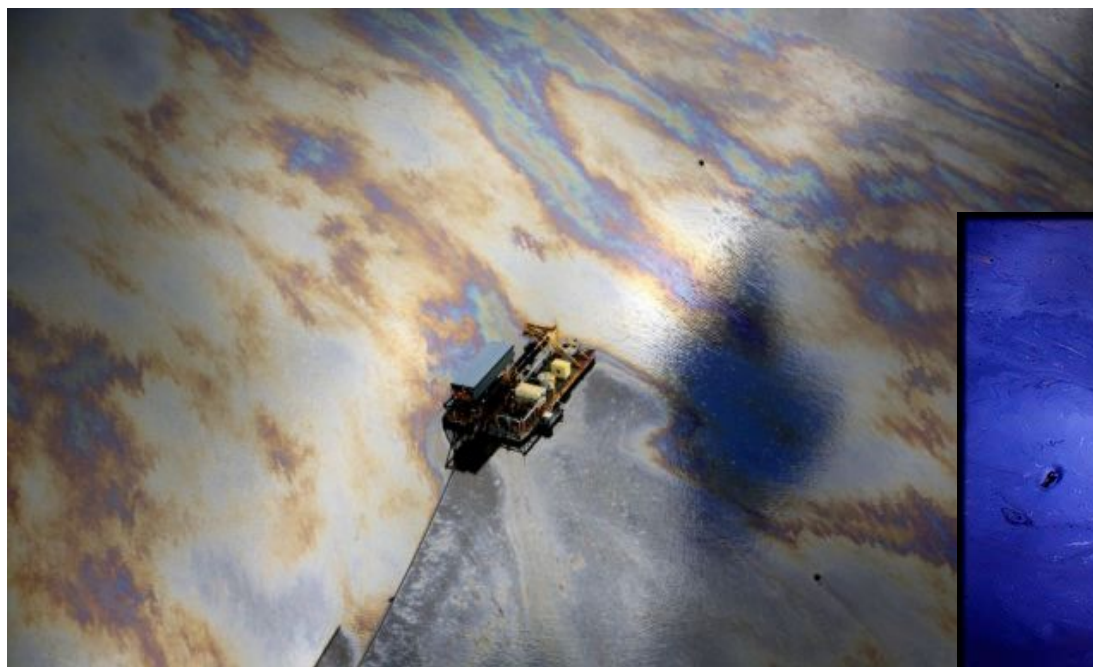
Excitation Max: 325 nm

Emission Max: 495 nm



### What else can we use fluorescence for?

Petroleum and its conjugated aromatic compounds (PAH's, NA's, TPH) in water



Tailings Ponds

D.L's are less  
than 1 ppm



Oil Spills

### What else can we use fluorescence for?

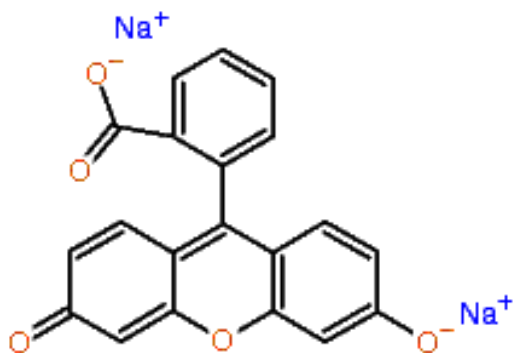


Water flow tracing using fluorescent dyes:

- Uranine (Green)
- Rhodamine WT (Red)
- Very low D.L's in water
- Typically less than 1 ppb

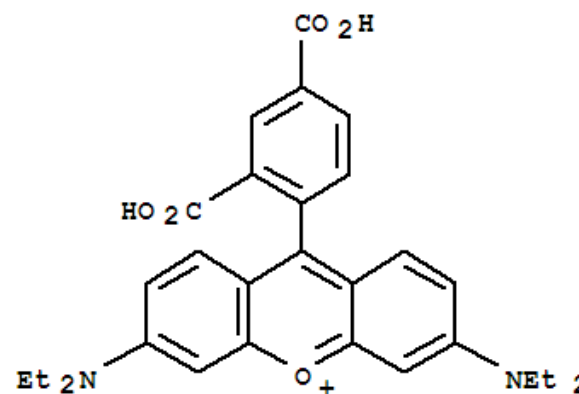


### Water Tracing Dyes



Uranine (Green)

Excitation Max: 491 nm  
Emission Max: 516 nm

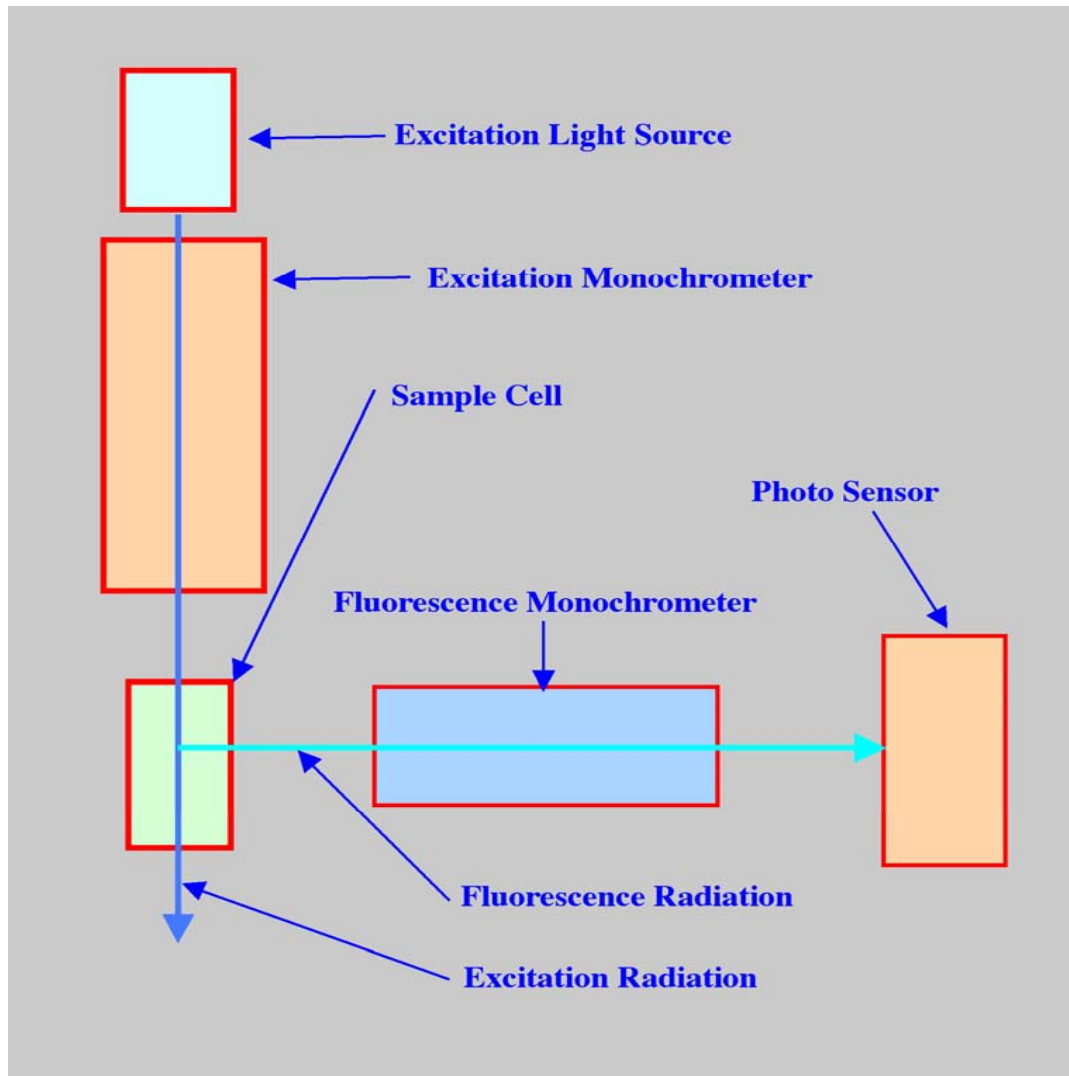


Rhodamine WT (Red)

Excitation Max: 555 nm  
Emission Max: 580 nm

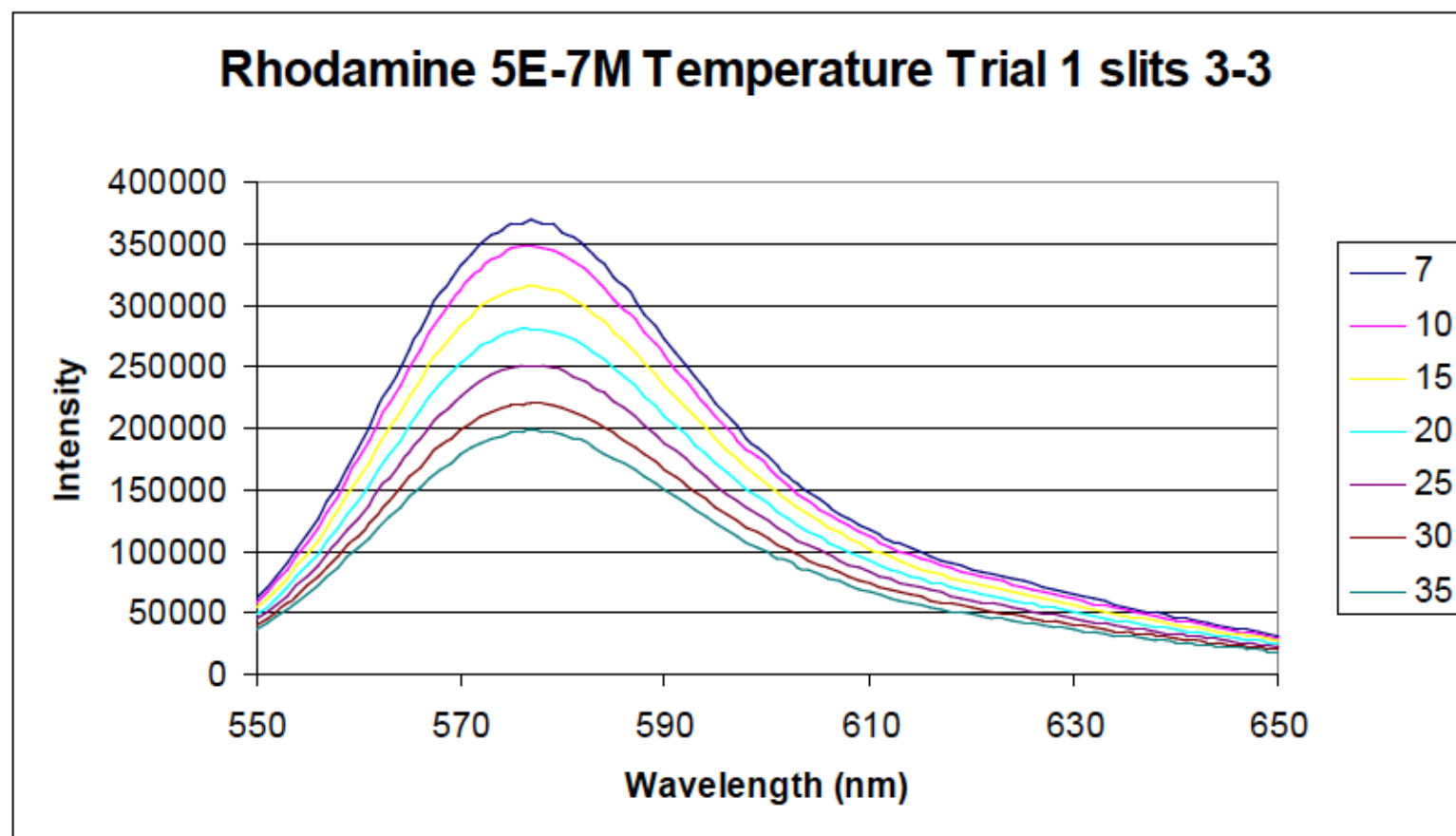


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How can  
we build a  
field-based  
fluorescence  
analyzer?

## Temperature Regulation is Required

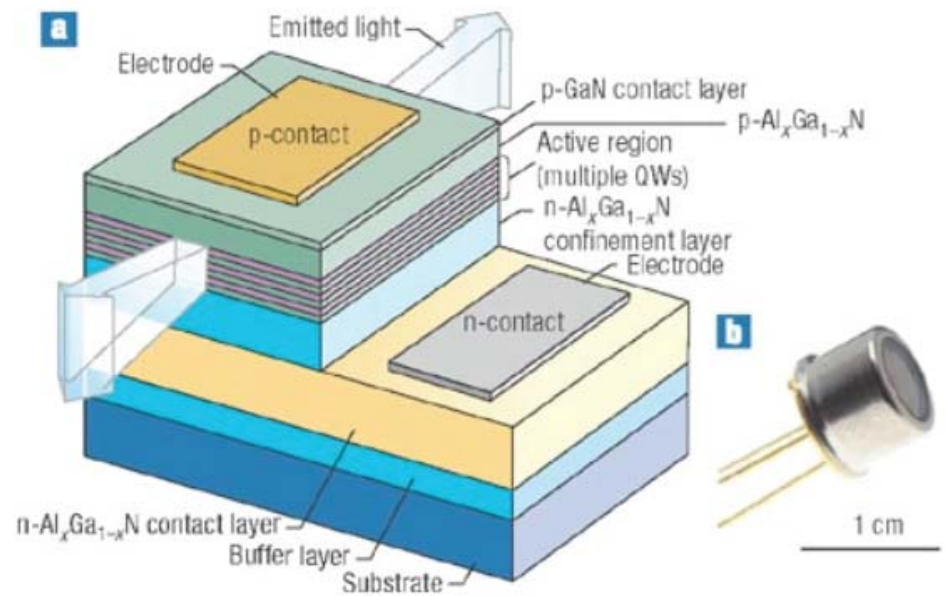
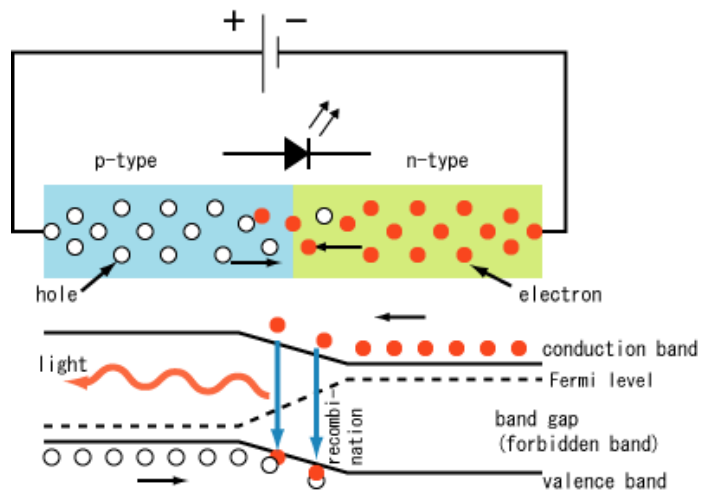


# WILSON ANALYTICAL



Can  
we just use  
a lab-based  
fluorescence  
analyzer?

What about a bright, rugged uv or visible light source?



nano-based high-output  
uv-LED at 360 nm



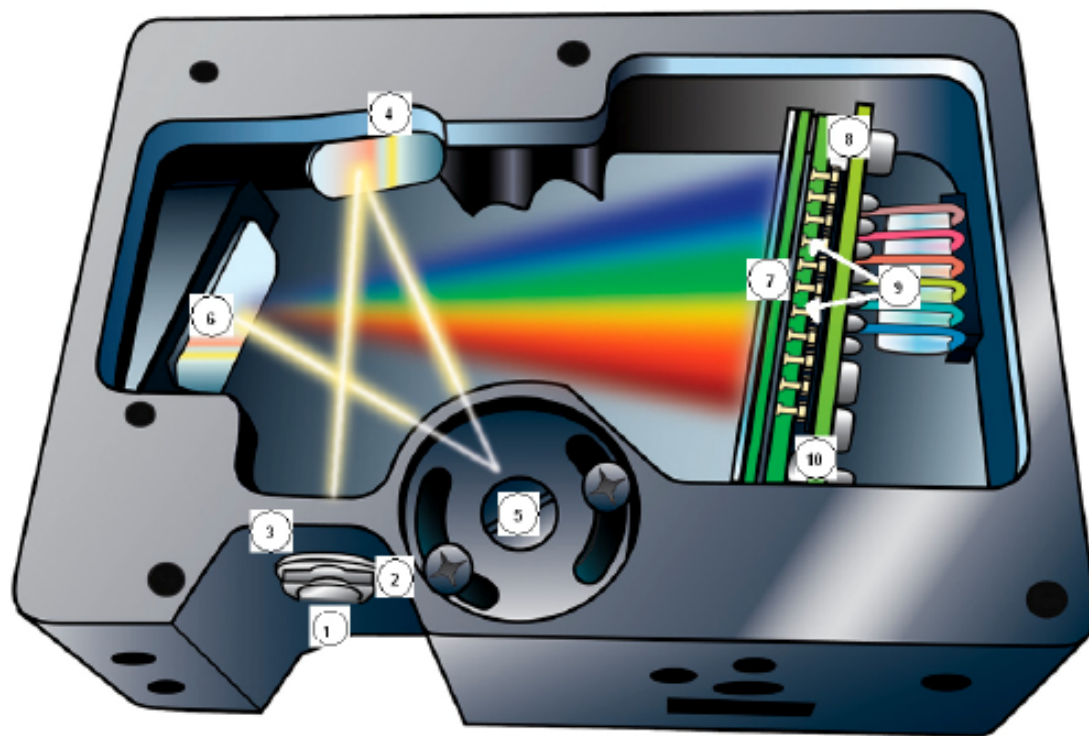
## How can ensure signal stability?

- Interchangeable excitation sources are required
- Optical-feedback based light source regulation
- Instrument and sample temperature regulation



## What about fluorescence signal discrimination and detection?

High-throughput,  
USB-powered,  
visible range,  
micro-spectrometer



# WILSON ANALYTICAL

## Design and Manufacture of Field-Based Instrumentation

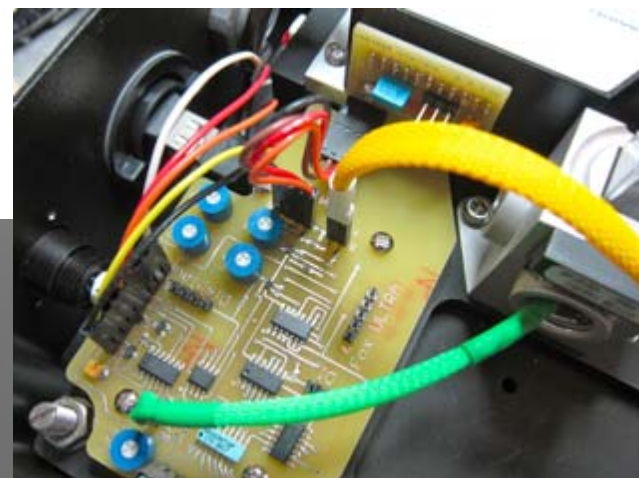
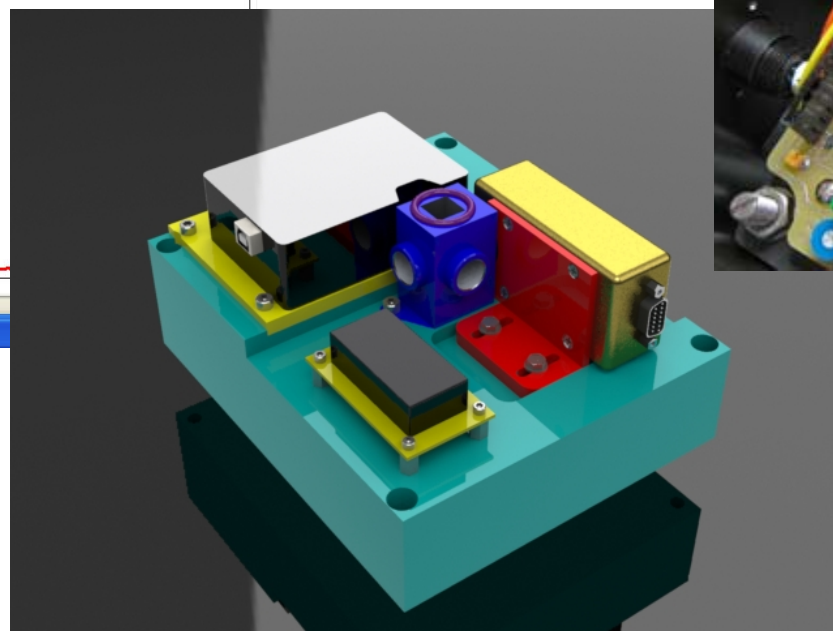
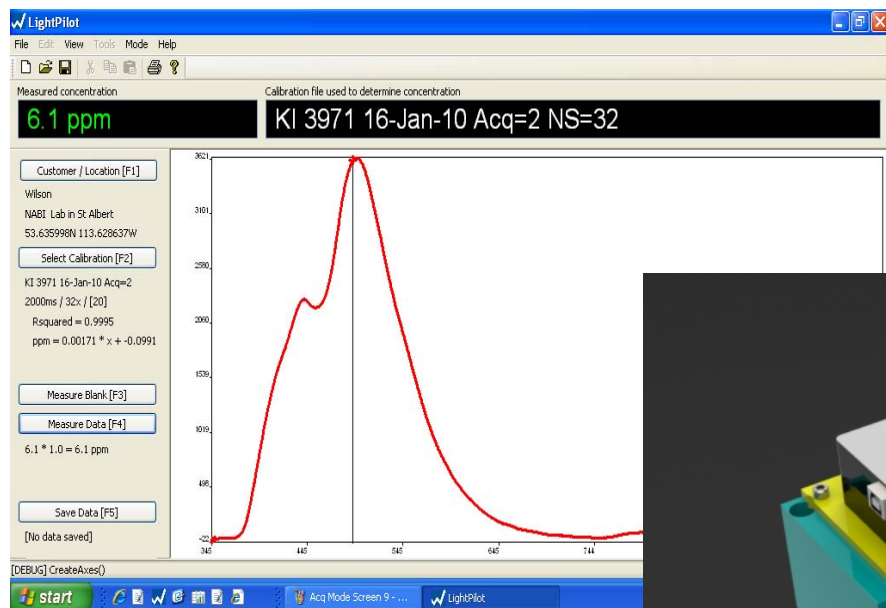
- First ruggedized unit to measure corrosion inhibitor residuals in oilfield waters.
- Based on fluorescence.
- Optical-feedback regulated excitation light sources at 360, 405, 460 or 525 nm.
- Full visible detection with complete spectrum.
- Temperature regulation to +/- 5 degrees C.
- Very field-hardened and user-friendly



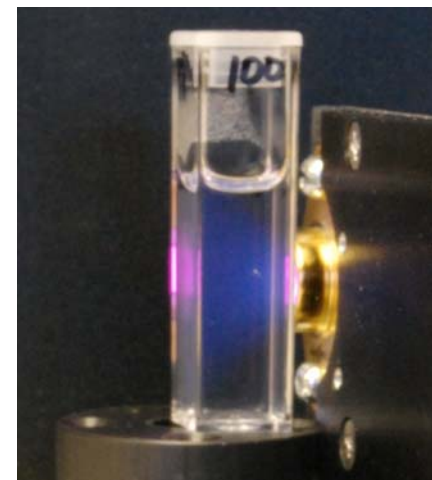
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# WILSON ANALYTICAL

## Robust Field Operation



12 V operation and GPS location

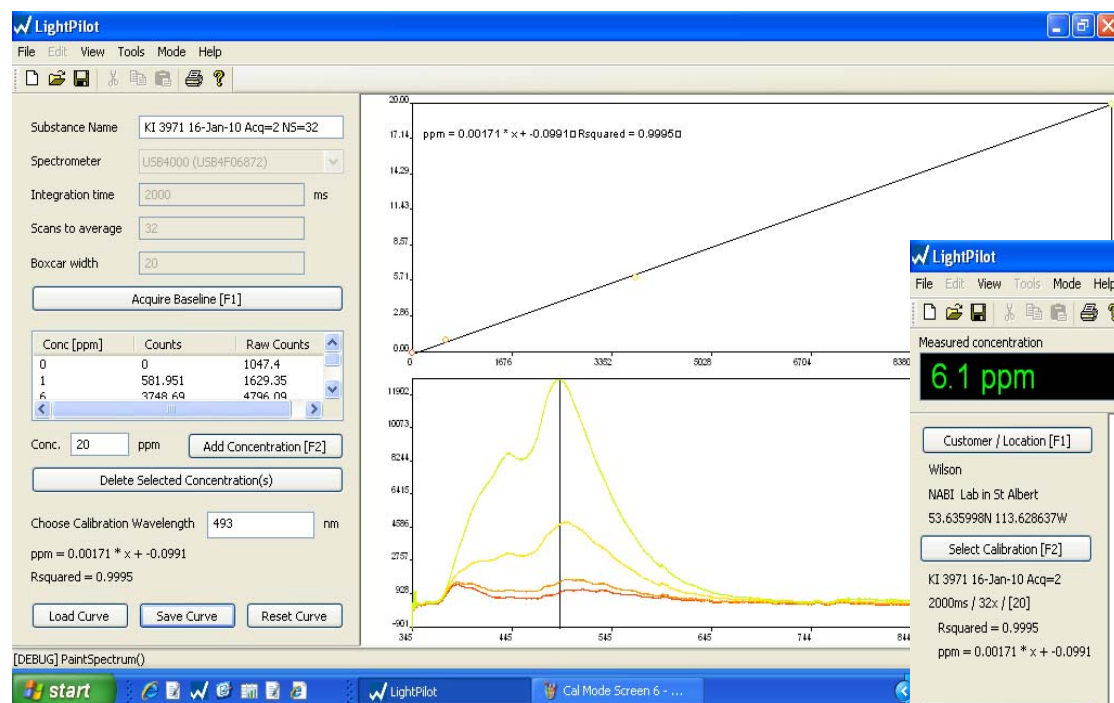
Disposable cuvettes and  
SPE-based assays

Field-ready QC samples

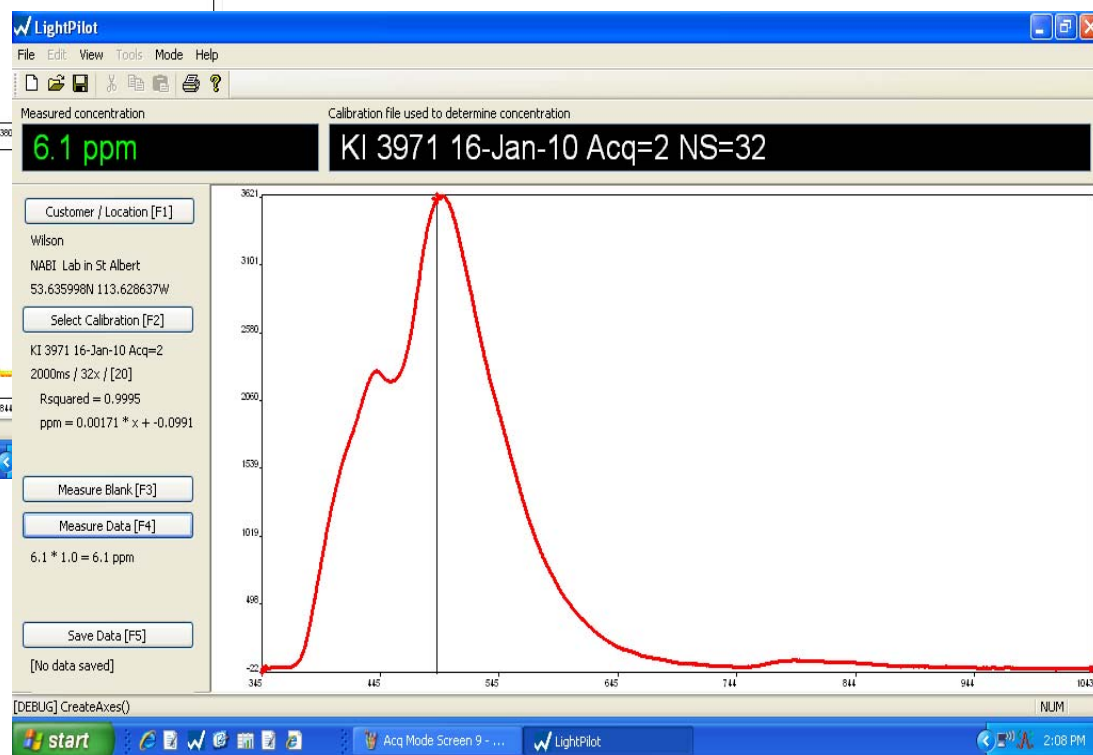


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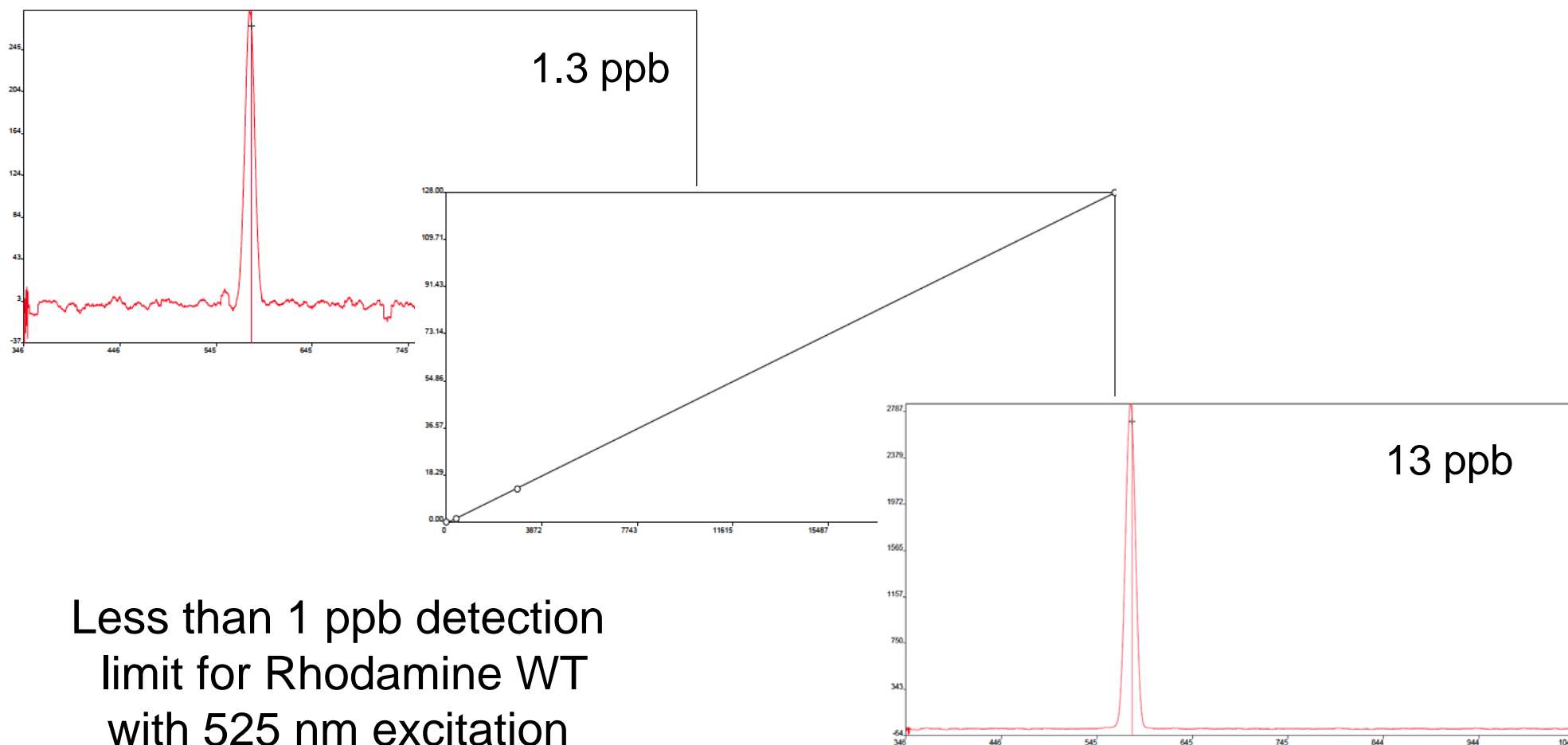
## Custom Calibrations and Low Detection Limits in the Field



1 ppm detection limit for  
corrosion inhibitors



## Very Low Detections Limits in the Field for Fluorescent Dyes

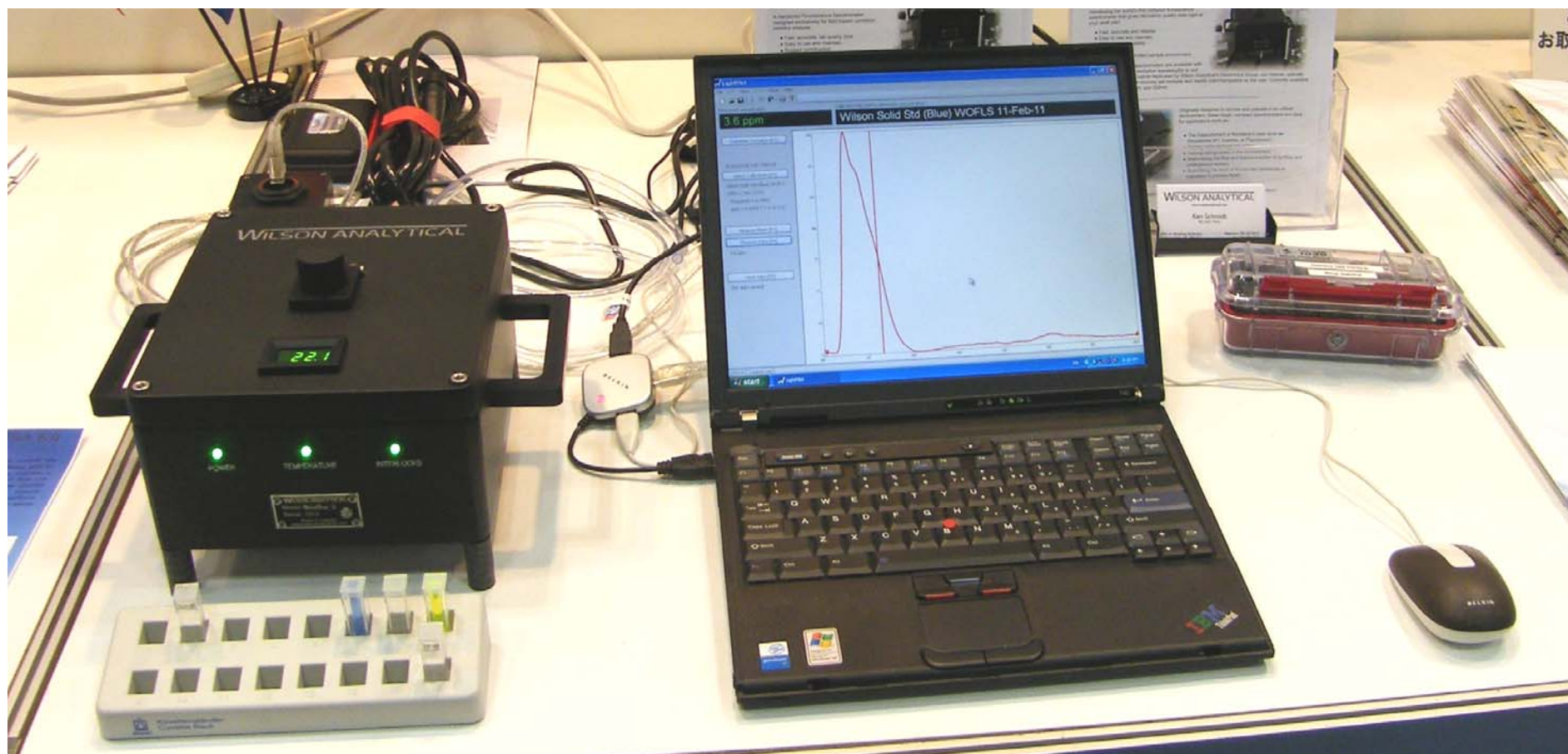


Less than 1 ppb detection  
limit for Rhodamine WT  
with 525 nm excitation



# WILSON ANALYTICAL

## Integrated System Design and Operation



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## The Future?

Enhanced water analysis in real time, directly in the field.

Instant data input to field-based software for real-time data modeling of dynamic processes

